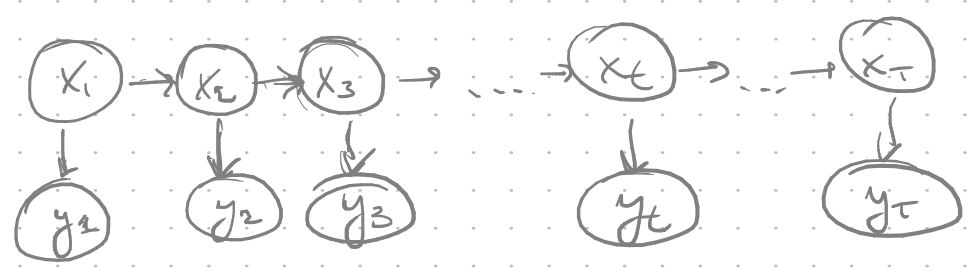


① Directed graphical models / Bayesian belief networks / J. Pearl causality

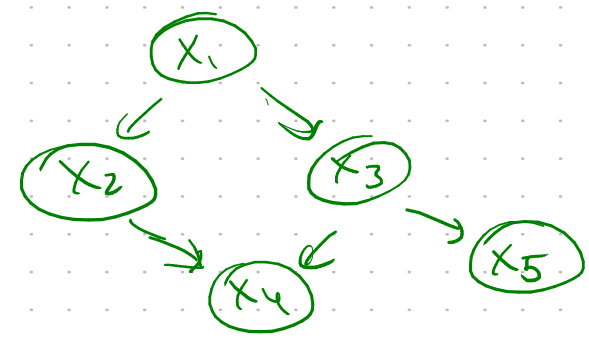


$$p(x, y) = p(x_1) p(y_1 | x_1) p(x_2 | x_1) p(y_2 | x_2) \dots p(x_t | x_{t-1}) p(y_t | x_t)$$

$$p(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) = p(x_1) p(x_2 | x_1) p(x_3 | x_1, x_2) p(x_4 | x_1, x_2, x_3) \dots p(x_n | x_1, \dots, x_{n-1})$$

$$p(x_1, \dots, x_n) = \prod_{i=1}^n p(x_i | \text{par}(x_i))$$

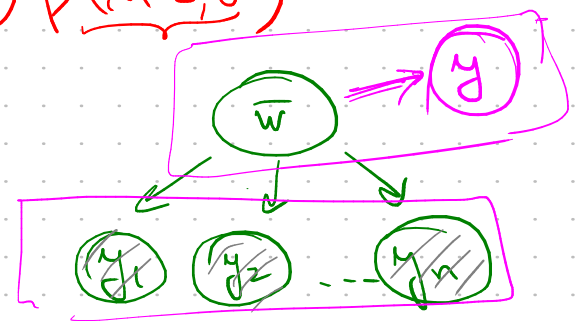
$$p(x_1 \dots x_5) = p(x_1) p(x_2 | x_1) p(x_3 | x_1) p(x_4 | x_2, x_3) p(x_5 | x_3)$$



$$p(\bar{\theta}, z, x) = p(\bar{\theta}) p(z | \bar{\theta}) p(x | z, \bar{\theta})$$

$$p(\bar{w}, y) = p(\bar{w}) \cdot \prod_{n=1}^N p(y_n | \bar{w})$$

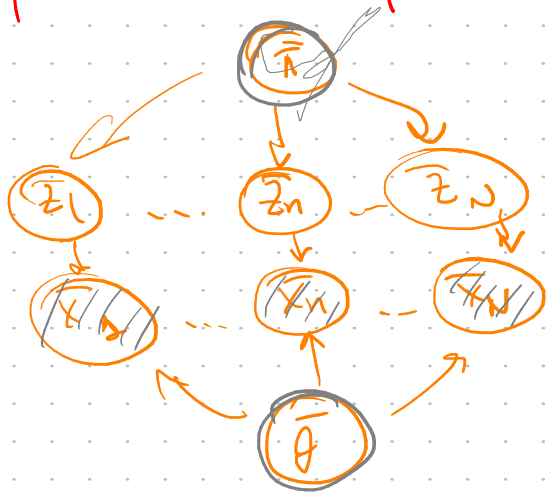
$$D = \{y\} \quad p(\bar{w} | y) = ?$$



$$p(y | y) = \int p(\bar{w}, y | y) d\bar{w}$$

clustering $p(\pi, \bar{\theta} = \{\bar{\mu}_k, \bar{\Sigma}_k\}_{k=1}^K, z, x)$

$$p(\pi, \bar{\theta}, z, x) = p(\pi) p(\bar{\theta}) \prod_{n=1}^N p(\bar{z}_n | \pi) p(\bar{x}_n | \bar{z}_n, \bar{\theta})$$



$$p(\pi, \bar{\theta} | x) = \int p(\pi, \bar{\theta}, z | x) dz$$

2) d-размерность

1) $n=1$

(x_1)

$$p(x_1) = p(x_1)$$

$(x_1) \leftarrow (x_2)$

2) $n=2$

(x_1)

(x_2)

$$p(x_1, x_2) = p(x_1) p(x_2)$$



$$p(x, y) = p(x) p(y)$$

$$(x_1) \rightarrow (x_2) \quad p(x_2) p(x_1 | x_2)$$

$$p(x_1, x_2) = p(x_1) p(x_2 | x_1)$$

tournament



3) $n=3$

$(x_1) (x_2) (x_3)$

$$p(x_1) p(x_2) p(x_3)$$

$(x_1) (x_2 \rightarrow x_3)$

$$p(x_1) p(x_2) p(x_3 | x_2)$$



$$= p(x_1) p(x_2 | x_1) p(x_3 | x_1, x_2)$$

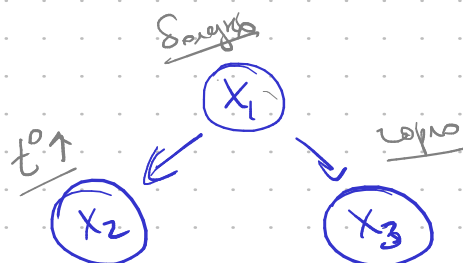


последовательная связь

$$p(x_1, x_2, x_3) = p(x_1) p(x_2 | x_1) p(x_3 | x_2) \quad \Downarrow ?$$

условная независимость: $p(x_1, x_3 | x_2) \neq p(x_1 | x_2) p(x_3 | x_2)$

$$\frac{p(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{p(x_2)} = \frac{p(x_1) p(x_2 | x_1) p(x_3 | x_2)}{p(x_2)}$$



расхожающаяся связь

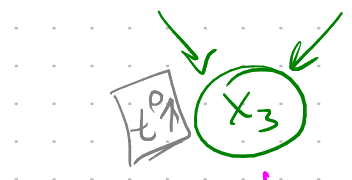
$$p(x_1, x_2, x_3) = p(x_1) p(x_2 | x_1) p(x_3 | x_1)$$

$$p(x_2, x_3 | x_1) \neq p(x_2 | x_1) p(x_3 | x_1)$$

$$= \frac{p(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{p(x_1)}$$

причина x_1 x_2 следствие

сходимость для



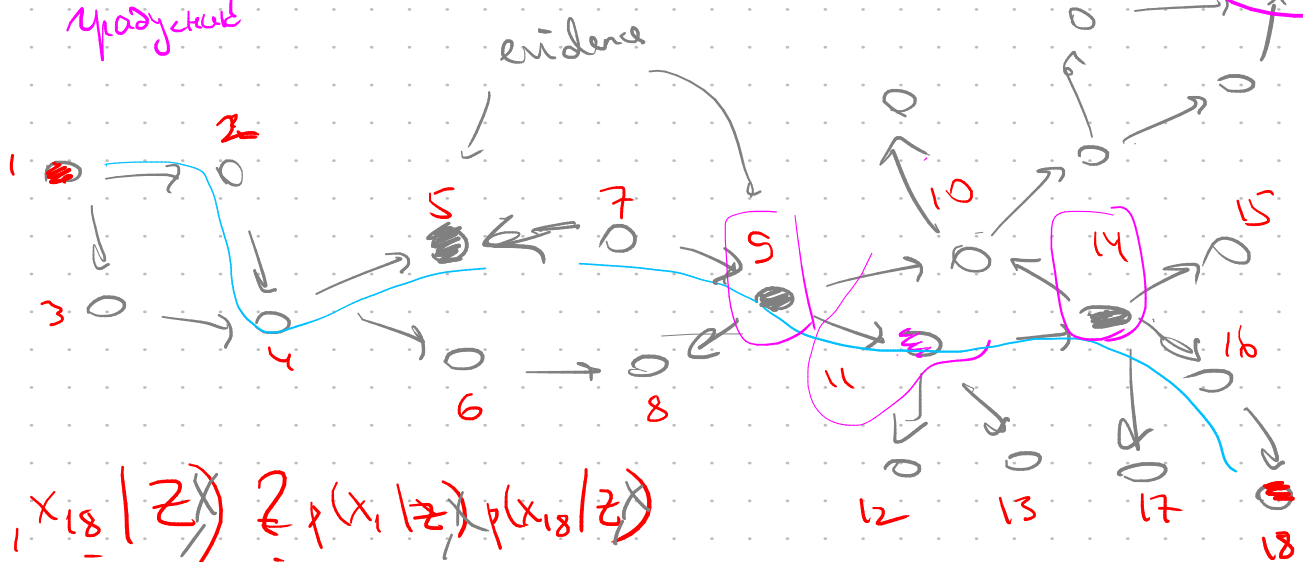
explaining away
предыстория

$$p(x_1, x_2, x_3) = p(x_1) p(x_2) p(x_3 | x_1, x_2)$$

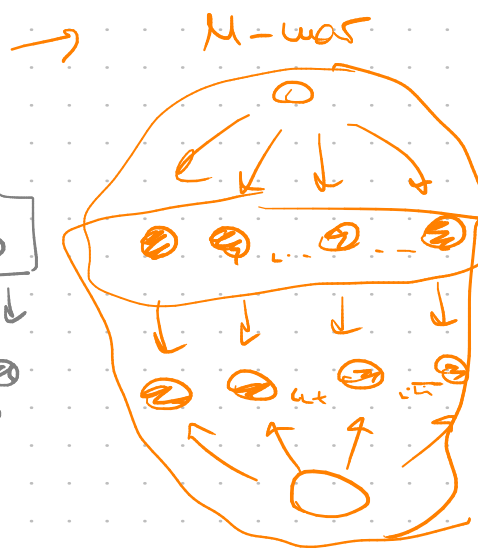
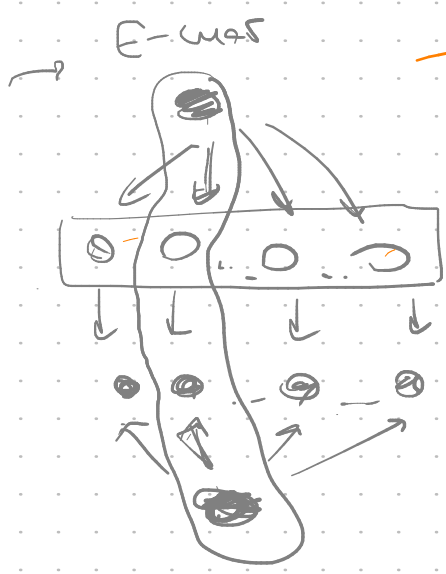
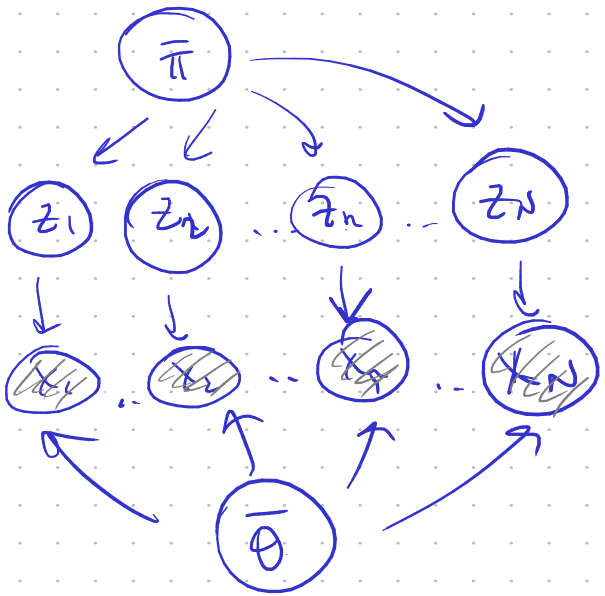
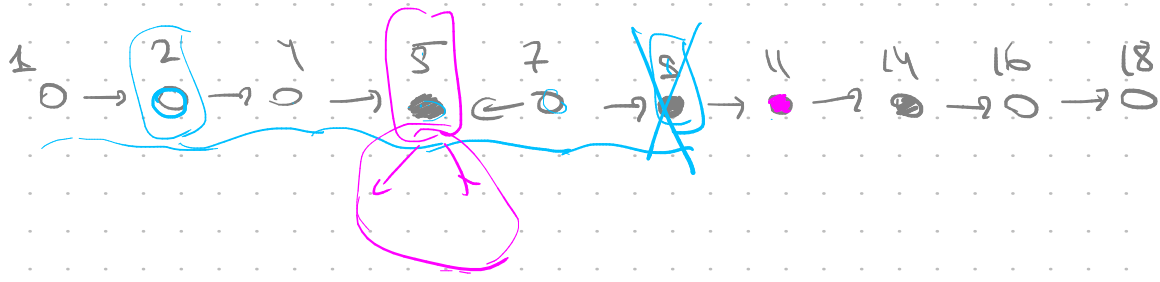
$$p(x_1, x_2) = p(x_1) p(x_2)$$

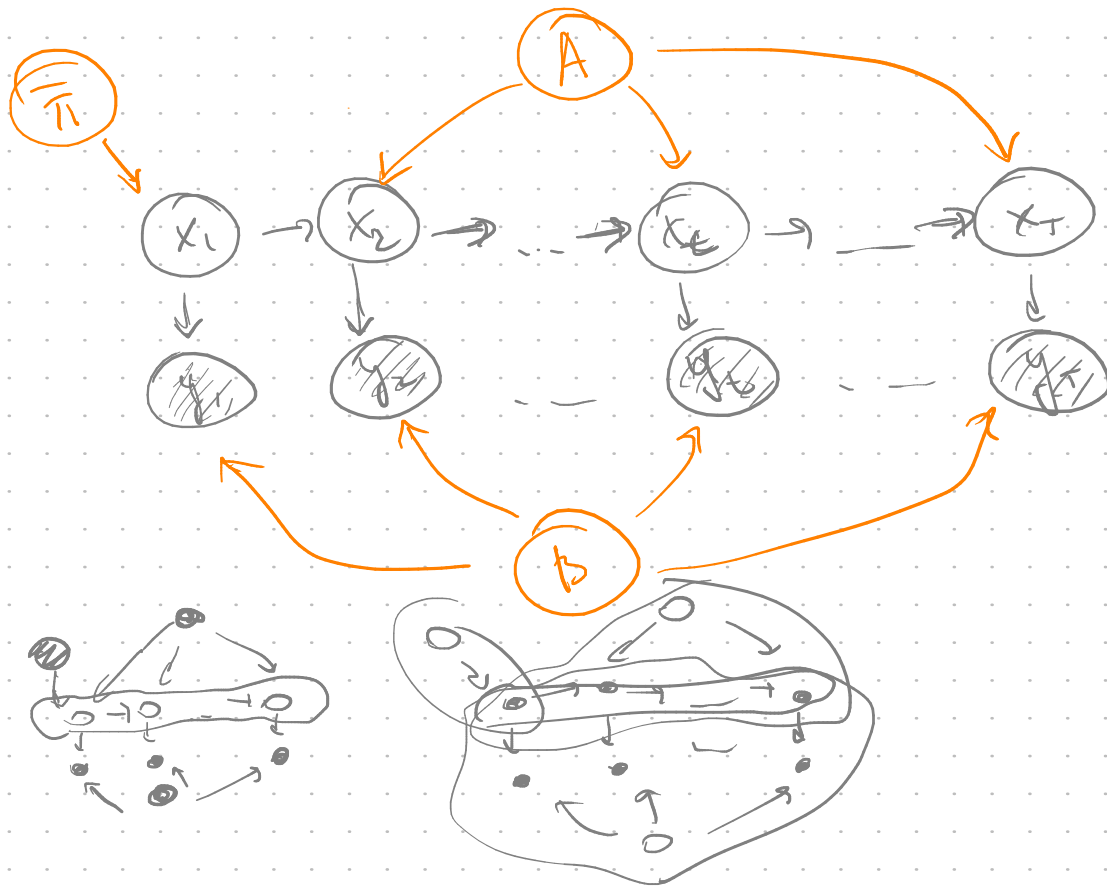
$$p(x_1, x_2 | x_3) \neq p(x_1 | x_3) p(x_2 | x_3)$$

$$\frac{p(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{p(x_1, x_2)}$$



$$p(x_1, x_{18} | Z) \neq p(x_1 | Z) p(x_{18} | Z)$$





$$p(x, y, \pi, A, B)$$

$$= p(\pi) p(A) p(B) \cdot$$

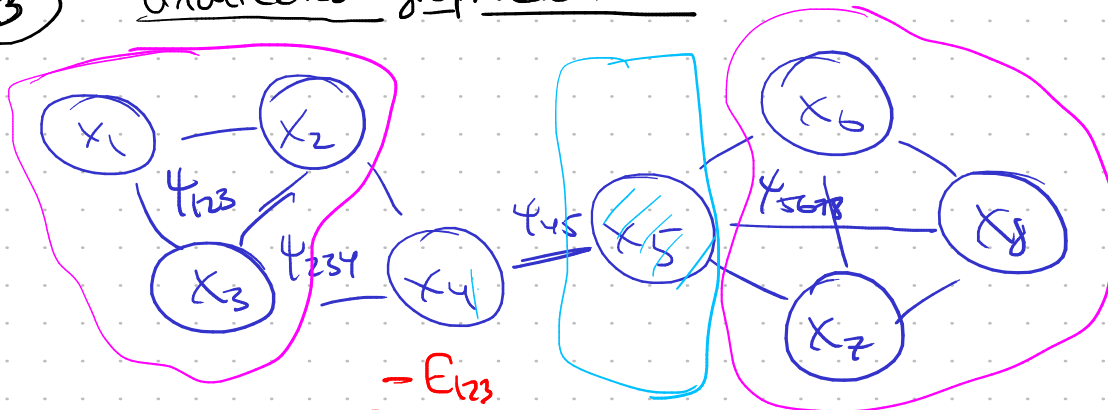
$$\times p(x_1 | \pi) \cdot$$

$$p(y_1 | x_1, B)$$

$$p(x_2 | x_1, A)$$

$$p(y_2 | x_2, B) \dots$$

3 Undirected graphical models

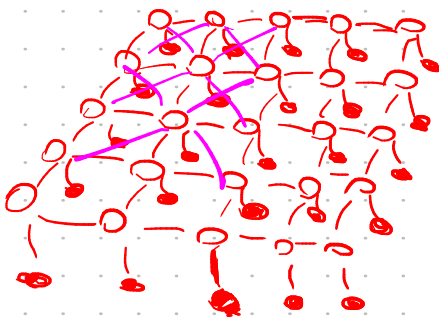


$$E = E_{123} + \dots$$

$$f(x_1, \dots, x_8) = \psi_{123}(x_1, x_2, x_3) \psi_{234}(x_2, x_3, x_4) \psi_{45}(x_4, x_5)$$

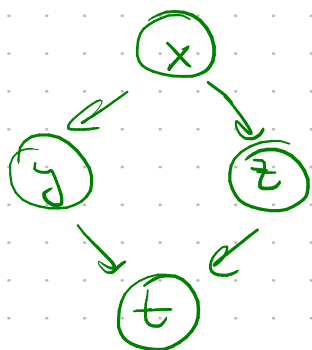
$$\psi_{5678}(x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8)$$

$$\propto e^{-\sum x_i y_i}$$

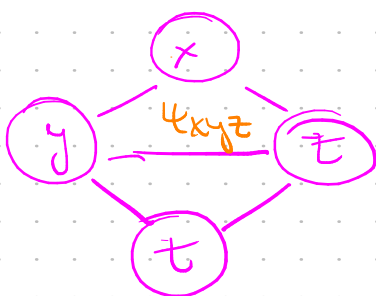


$$p(x, y) = \prod_i p(y_i | x_i) \cdot \max_{\{x_i\}} \prod_i \prod_{j \in \text{nei}(x_i)} p(x_i | x_j) \propto e^{-\beta \sum x_i x_j}$$

$$\min \sum_i x_i y_i + \sum_i \sum_{j \in \text{nei}(i)} \beta x_i x_j$$



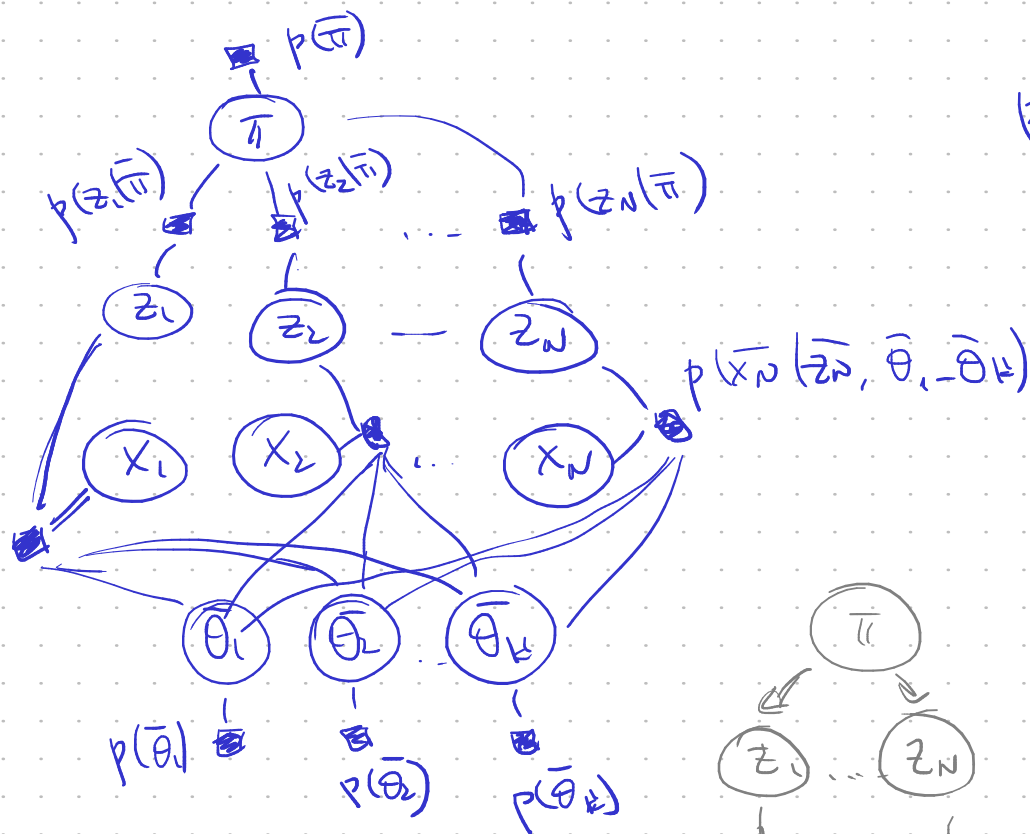
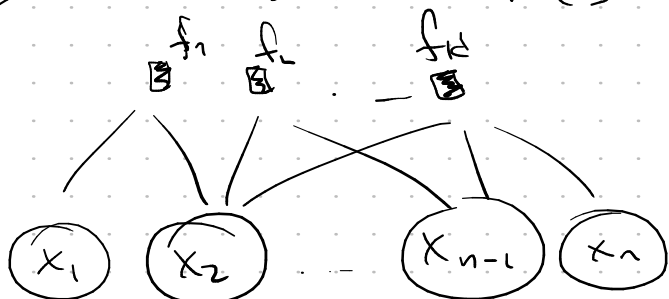
$$p(x, y, z, t) = \underbrace{p(x)}_{\psi_{xy}} \underbrace{p(y|x)}_{\psi_{xz}} \underbrace{p(z|x)p(t|y,z)}_{\psi_{yzt}}$$



$$\psi_{yzt} \cdot \psi_{xyz} = \psi_{xy} \cdot \psi_{xz}$$

④ Factor graph

$$F(x_1 \dots x_n) = f_1(x_1) f_2(x_2) \dots f_k(x_k)$$



$$p(x_i | z_1, \bar{\theta}_1, \dots, \bar{\theta}_K)$$

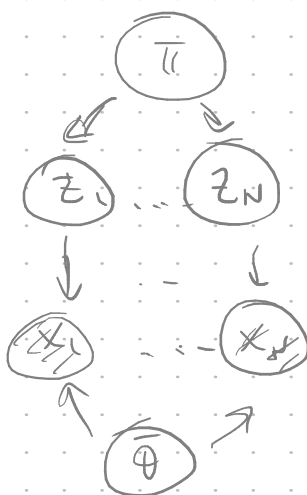
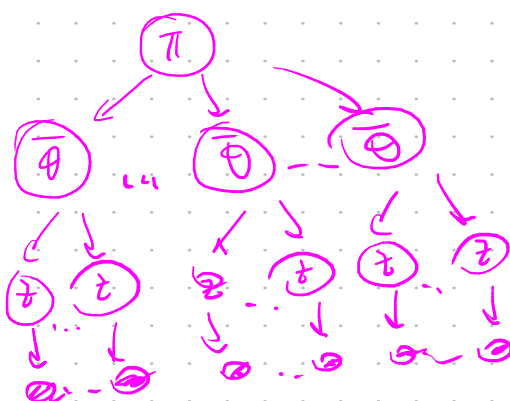
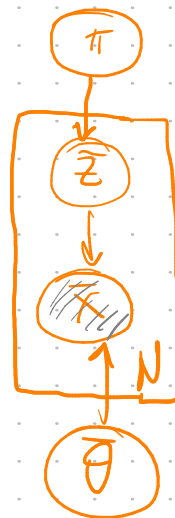
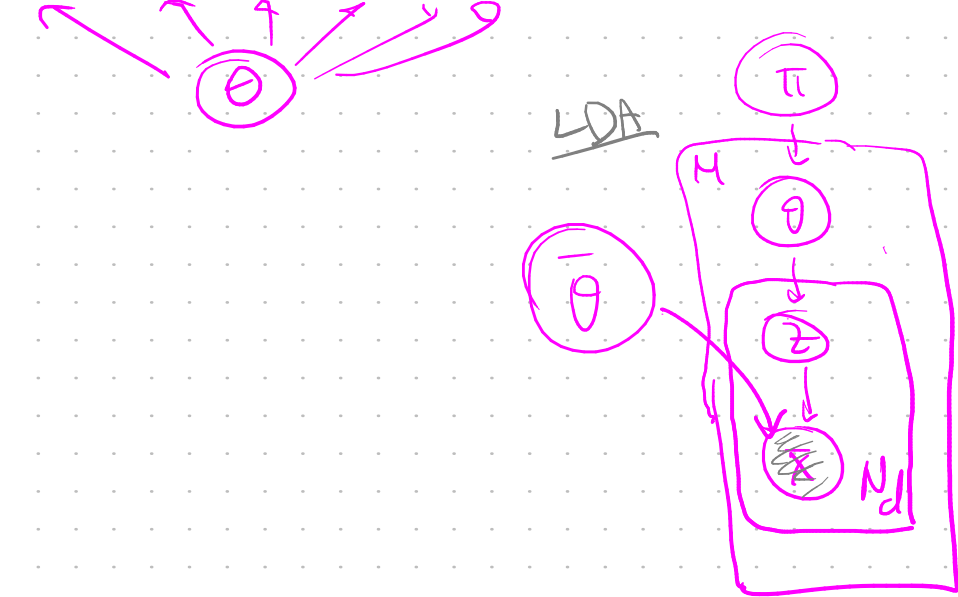


plate notation





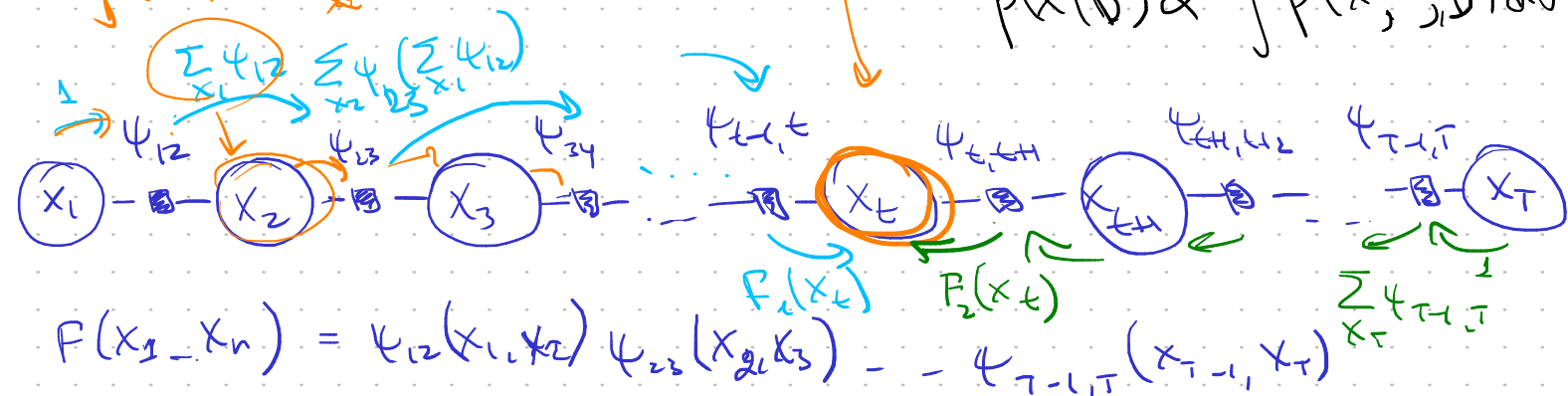
5) Пример маргинализации

$$F(x_1, \dots, x_n) = f_1(x_1) \dots f_k(x_k)$$

$$f(x_i) = \sum_{x_1, \dots, x_n} F(x_1, \dots, x_n)$$

$$p(\bar{x} | D) \propto \int p(\bar{x}, \bar{\theta}, D) d\bar{\theta}$$

$$f(x_t) = \sum_{x_1, \dots, x_n} F(x_1, \dots, x_n)$$



$$f(x_t) = \sum_{x_1} \sum_{x_2} \dots \sum_{x_{t-1}} \sum_{x_{t+1}} \dots \sum_{x_n} \left(\underbrace{\psi_{12} \cdot \psi_{23} \dots \psi_{t-1,t}}_{x_1, \dots, x_{t-1}, x_t} \cdot \underbrace{\psi_{t,t+1} \dots \psi_{T-1,T}}_{x_t, x_{t+1}, \dots, x_T} \right) =$$

$$\sum_{x_1, \dots, x_{t-1}} \left[\sum_{x_{t+1}, \dots, x_T} F_1(x_1, \dots, x_{t-1}, x_t) \cdot F_2(x_t, x_{t+1}, \dots, x_T) \right]$$

$$= \left[\sum_{x_1} \sum_{x_2} \dots \sum_{x_{t-1}} \psi_{12} \dots \psi_{t-1,t} \right] \times \left[\sum_{x_{t+1}} \dots \sum_{x_n} \psi_{t,t+1} \dots \psi_{T-1,T} \right]$$

$$\sum_{x_{t-1}} \sum_{x_{t-2}} \dots \sum_{x_1} (\psi_{12} \cdot \psi_{23} \dots \psi_{t-1,t}) =$$

$$\sum_{x_{t-1}} \dots \sum_{x_2} (\psi_{23} \dots \psi_{t-1,t} \left(\sum_{x_1} \psi_{12} \right)) =$$

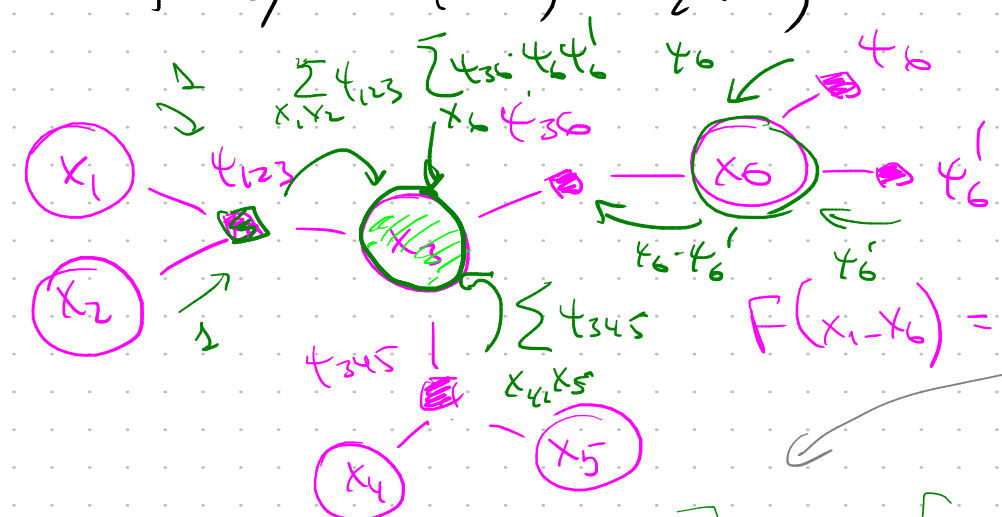
$$= \sum_{x_{t-1}} \dots \sum_{x_3} \psi_{34} \dots \psi_{t-1,t} \left[\sum_{x_2} \psi_{23} \left[\sum_{x_1} \psi_{12} \right] \right] = \dots$$

$$= \sum_{x_{t-1}} \psi_{t-1,t} \left[\sum_{x_{t-2}} \psi_{t-2,t-1} \left[\dots \sum_{x_3} \psi_{34} \left[\sum_{x_2} \psi_{23} \left[\sum_{x_1} \psi_{12} \right] \right] \right] \right]$$

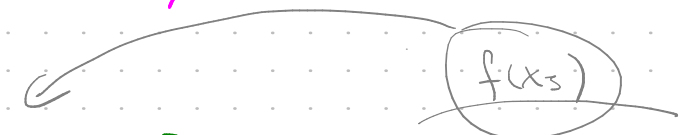
$$\sum_{x_{t+1}} \dots \sum_{x_n} \psi_{t,t+1} \psi_{t+1,t+2} \dots \psi_{T-2,T-1} \psi_{T-1,T} = \dots$$

$$= \sum_{x_{t+1}} \psi_{t,t+1} \left[\sum_{x_{t+2}} \psi_{t+1,t+2} \left[\dots \sum_{x_{T-1}} \psi_{T-2,T-1} \left[\sum_{x_T} \psi_{T-1,T} \right] \dots \right] \right]$$

$$f(x_t) = F_1(x_t) \cdot F_2(x_t)$$



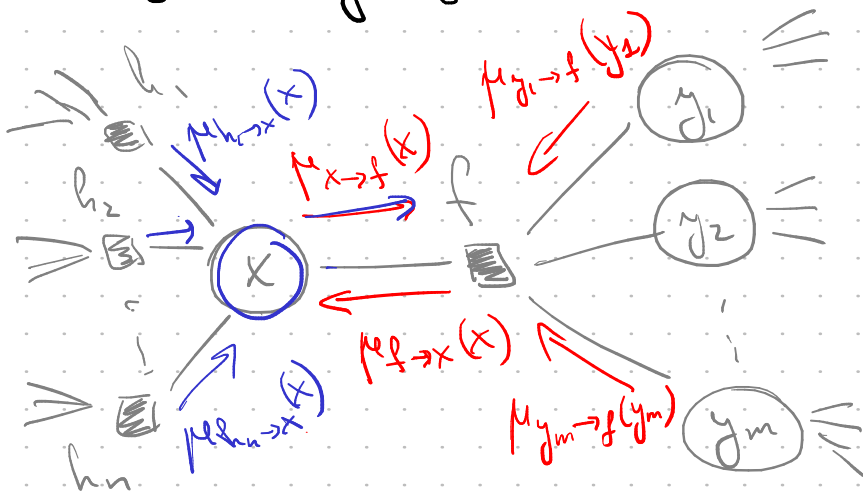
$$F(x_1-x_6) = \psi_{123} \cdot \psi_{345} \cdot \psi_{36} \cdot \psi_6 \cdot \psi_6'$$



$$f(x_3) = \sum_{x_1, x_2, x_4, x_5, x_6} [\psi_{36} \psi_6 \psi_6'] = \sum_{x_1-x_5} [\psi_{123} \cdot \psi_{345} \left[\sum_{x_6} \psi_{36} \psi_6 \psi_6' \right]]$$

$$= \left[\sum_{x_6} \psi_{36} \psi_6 \psi_6' \right] \cdot \left[\sum_{x_1, x_2} \psi_{123} \right] \cdot \left[\sum_{x_4, x_5} \psi_{345} \right]$$

⑥ Message passing algorithm



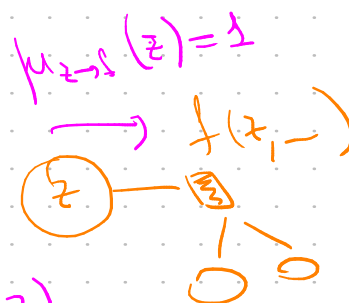
$$F(x_1, \dots, x_n) = \prod_{k=1}^K f_k(x_k)$$

$$f(x) = \sum_{x_1, \dots, x_n} \prod_{k=1}^K f_k(x_k)$$

$$f(x, y_1, \dots, y_m)$$



$$\mu_{f \rightarrow z}(z) = f(z)$$

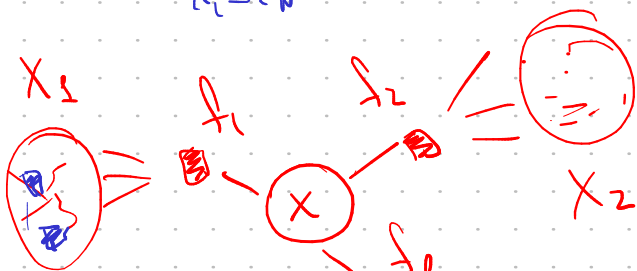


$$\mu_{x \rightarrow f}(x) = \prod_{i=1}^n \mu_{h_i \rightarrow x}(x)$$

may check again

$$\mu_{f \rightarrow x}(x) = \sum_{y_1, \dots, y_m} f(x, y_1, \dots, y_m) \cdot \mu_{y_1 \rightarrow f}(y_1) \cdot \dots \cdot \mu_{y_m \rightarrow f}(y_m)$$

$$f(x) = \sum_{x_1, \dots, x_n} F(x, x_1, \dots, x_n) = \sum_{x_1, \dots, x_n} f_1(x, x_1) \cdot F_1(x_1) \cdot \dots \cdot f_e(x, x_e) F_e(x_e)$$



sum-product

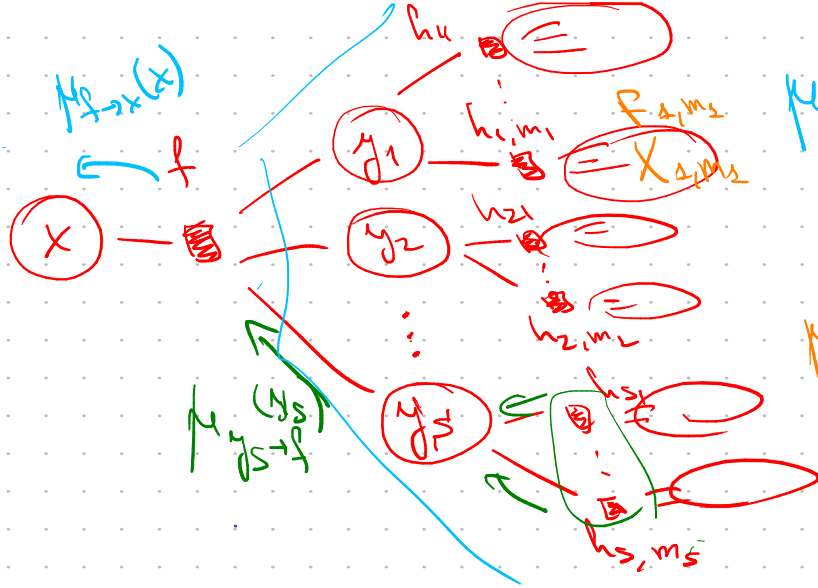
max-sum



$$= \left(\sum_{x_1} f_1(x, x_1) F_1(x_1) \right) \times$$

$$\times \left(\sum_{x_2} f_2(x, x_2) F_2(x_2) \right) \times \dots$$

$$\times \left(\sum_{x_e} f_e(x, x_e) F_e(x_e) \right)$$



$$p_{f \rightarrow x}(x) \neq \sum_X f(x, X) \cdot P'(X)$$

Дано:

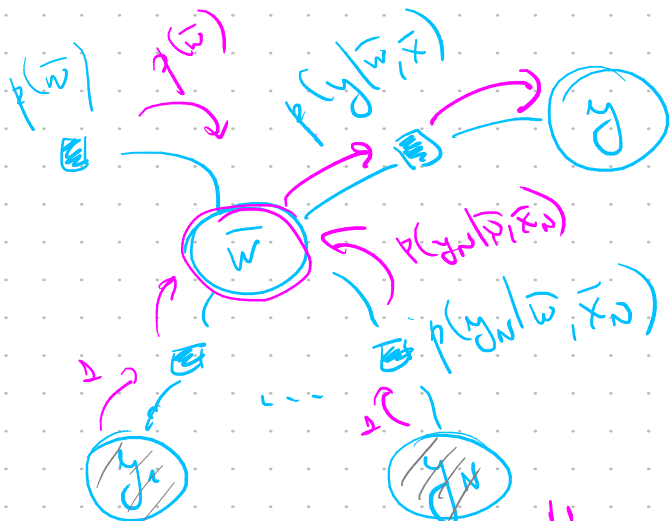
$$p_{h_{ij} \rightarrow y_i}(y_i) = \sum_{X_{ij}} h_{ij}(y_i, X_{ij}) \cdot F_{ij}(X_{ij})$$

$$p_{f \rightarrow x}(x) = \sum_{y_1, \dots, y_S} f(x, y_1, \dots, y_S) \cdot \prod_{s=1}^S \underbrace{p_{y_s \rightarrow x}(y_s)} =$$

$$= \sum_{y_1, \dots, y_S} f(x, y_1, \dots, y_S) \cdot \prod_{i=1}^S \prod_{j=1}^{m_i} p_{h_{ij} \rightarrow y_i}(y_i) =$$

$$= \sum_{y_1, \dots, y_S} f(x, y_1, \dots, y_S) \cdot \prod_{i=1}^S \prod_{j=1}^{m_i} \left[\sum_{X_{ij}} h_{ij}(y_i, X_{ij}) \cdot F_{ij}(X_{ij}) \right] =$$

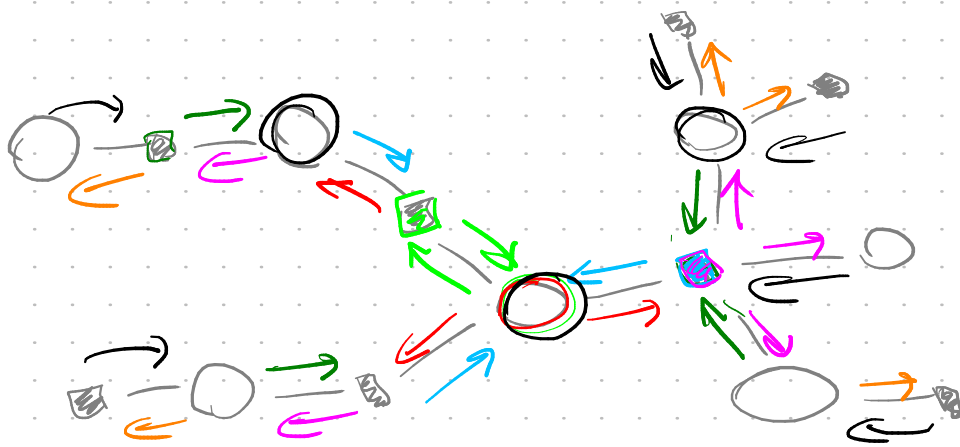
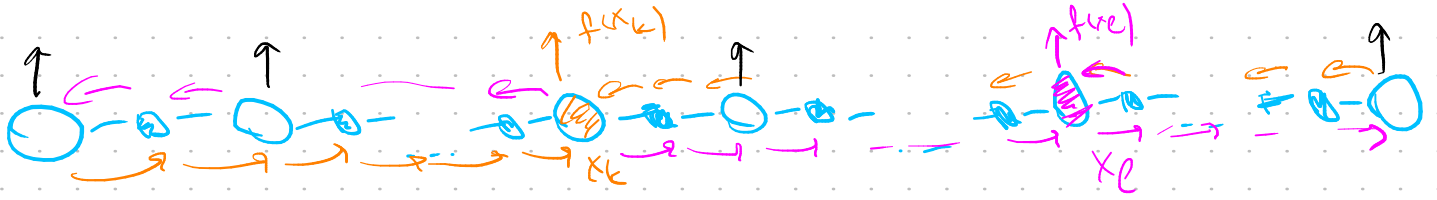
$$= \sum_{y_1, \dots, y_S} \sum_{X_{11}, \dots, X_{S, m_S}} f(x, y_1, \dots, y_S) \cdot \underbrace{\prod_{i=1}^S \prod_{j=1}^{m_i} h_{ij}(y_i, X_{ij}) F_{ij}(X_{ij})}_{P'(X)} =$$



$$p(y_1 | y_1, \dots, y_N) = \int p(y_1, \bar{w} | y_1, \dots, y_N) d\bar{w}$$

$$p_{w \rightarrow p(y_1 | \bar{w}, x)} = p(w) \cdot \prod_n p(y_n | w, x_n)$$

$$p_{p \rightarrow y}(y) = \int p(w) \cdot \prod_n p(y_n | w, x_n) \cdot p(y | w, x) d\bar{w}$$



- ① →
- ② →
- ③ →
- ④ →
- ⑤ →
- ⑥ →
- ⑦ →

- фактор-граф - graph
 - факторы "процесс"

← message passing

не graph

можно
сделать graph

graph, но
факторы continue

Expectation
Propagation



f_1 f_2 f_m



Approximate
reference

Loop Belief
Propagation

Sampling

Variational
approx.